University of Washington Bothell
Cascadia College

Campus Safety Department Annual Report

Guide to Campus Safety and the Annual Fire Safety Report

2012, 2013, and 2014 Statistic

September 2015
The following information has been prepared to increase your awareness of the current programs that exist to protect your safety and well-being. Portions are also provided in compliance with laws of the State of Washington (RCW 28B.10.569), the federal Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act (20 USC 1145g), and the Higher Education Opportunity Act (Title 20 U.S. Code Section 1092 Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics), also known as the Jeanne Clery Act.

Campus Safety Annual Security Report

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VICE CHANCELLOR OF ADMINISTRATION AND PLANNING

DIRECTOR OF CAMPUS SAFETY

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF CAMPUS SAFETY

CAMPUS SAFETY SERGEANT

CAMPUS SAFETY OFFICER

CAMPUS SAFETY OFFICER

CAMPUS SAFETY OFFICER

CAMPUS SAFETY DISPATCHER

CAMPUS SAFETY DISPATCHER
Campus Safety Security

The Department of Campus Safety serves two colleges on a co-located campus. Campus Safety is comprised of a Director, an Assistant Director, a Sergeant, eight Officers, and four full-time Dispatchers.

The Security Officers have the authority to ask persons for identification and to determine whether individuals have lawful business on our campus. Security Officers do not possess arrest power. Criminal incidents are referred to the local police, who have jurisdiction on the campus. The Department of Campus Safety maintains a highly professional working relationship with the Bothell Police Department. All crime victims and witnesses are strongly encouraged to immediately report the crime to the Department of Campus Safety and the appropriate police agency. Prompt reporting will ensure timely warning notices on-campus and timely disclosure of crime statistics.

If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the University of Washington Bothell/Cascadia Community College or criminal justice system, you may still want to consider making a confidential report. With your permission, the Director of Campus Safety or a designee can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, we can keep accurate records of the number of incidents involving students, staff and faculty, determine patterns in location, method, or subjects, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crime statistics.

Reporting a Crime or Emergency

Community members, students, faculty, staff and guests are encouraged to report all crimes and public safety related incidents to Campus Safety in a timely manner. Crimes should be reported to Campus Safety to ensure inclusion in the annual crime statistics and to aid in providing timely warning notices to the campus community when appropriate.

In response to a call, Campus Safety may dispatch a Campus Safety officer, contact Bothell Emergency Services, request the victim make a police or Campus Safety report, or take other action as appropriate. Bothell PD will be the investigating department for all misdemeanor and felony investigations.

The institution will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the UWB/CC against the student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense.

How to Contact Campus Safety

Reporting an Incident
1. If it is a life or death emergency, please call 911 first in order to get Bothell Police or Fire response.

2. Call (425) 352-5222 or 2-5222 from a campus phone for on-campus Campus Safety emergency response, such as medical aid needed, or an assault. Or press the Emergency button on a campus phone for direct-dial access.

3. Call (425) 352-5359 or 2-5359 from a campus phone for on-campus Campus Safety non-emergencies, such as Lost & Found checks or Card Access issues. Email: safety@uwb.edu.

The Campus Safety website, which includes services, responsibilities, and right-to-know information, is located at http://www.uwb.edu/safety.

Security and Campus Safety Hours

Campus Safety Officers are available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

There are emergency phones located throughout the campus and garages. Pushing the button will connect you immediately to a Bothell Police Dispatcher.

Campus Safety Mission & Goal

The mission of the Campus Safety Department is to provide professional security and safety services to the University of Washington Bothell and Cascadia College community.

It is the goal of the Campus Safety Department to create and maintain a sense and feel of safety and security to enhance the teaching and learning environment for the entire campus community.

Campus Safety Services – We provide:

• Crime Prevention seminars – Offered to students, staff and faculty throughout the year.
• Safety escorts to students, staff, and faculty
• Lost & Found program
• Key and Card access
• Traffic Control

Security of and Access to Buildings

University of Washington Bothell and Cascadia College campus is open to the public and is accessible 24 hours a day through roads leading onto campus, including the intersections of Beardslee Boulevard and 110th and Campus Way and SR 522. Pedestrian access is available from the Sammamish Trail and on 180th and 185th streets. All buildings on campus are secured at night and not open to the public at that time. Hours of operation for the buildings on campus vary from building to building, and some buildings' hours vary by time of year (such as the library). The residence halls are restricted to residents, their guests and other approved members of the UWB
community. Each resident has a key to access his/her residence hall. Guests of residents must be accompanied at all times by the resident whom they are visiting. The campus has well defined rules governing access to its facilities and building security,

Campus Safety officers patrol the campus in cars, on foot and on bicycles. Campus Safety officers patrol outside as well as inside campus buildings and parking lots/garages.

The campus maintains facilities and landscaping in a manner that minimizes hazardous conditions. The Campus Safety department regularly patrols the campus and officers regularly walk through buildings and report malfunctioning lights and other unsafe physical conditions to Facilities Services for correction. All members of the community can report equipment problems to Facilities Services through their Web site at: http://www.uwb.edu/facilities/.

The university's Residential Life program is designed to promote a safe and secure environment for residents. Entrances to all residential areas within residence hall buildings are locked on a 24-hour-a-day basis.

Most outside door entrances to the residence halls are locked on a 24-hour-a-day basis except in buildings in which there are front service desks. The main entry doors immediately adjacent to front service desks are generally locked beginning at 7:00 p.m., and 24 hours on weekends. A Resident Adviser is on duty every night in each residence hall. A Resident Director, who responds to or consults on safety concerns in all the halls, is also on duty every night. The Residence Hall Patrol, consisting of Campus Safety officers, is specifically responsible for patrolling the halls at night. Procedures for temporarily checking out keys in the case of students locked out of their rooms have been established to keep unauthorized persons from securing room keys and these procedures are strictly enforced. No door-to-door soliciting or distributing of leaflets by non-hall residents is allowed.

Members of the residence hall community are encouraged to assist in the protection of their and others' safety. The Residential Life staff also presents information and ongoing programs related to crime prevention, including personal safety seminars and engraving of personal property in partnership with the Campus Safety department. Residents are responsible for following safety practices to protect themselves and residences. All housing units, including Campus View Apartments, are patrolled by the Campus Safety department. All campus housing is under the jurisdiction of the Bothell Police Department.

**Timely Warnings**

In the event that a situation arises either on or off campus that, in the judgment of the Campus Safety Director, constitutes an ongoing or continuous threat, a campus “timely warning” will be issued.

Depending on the particular circumstances of the crime, especially in situations that could pose an immediate threat to the community and individuals, the Campus Safety Department may employ a number of different mechanisms to notify the campus of the threat.

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to the Campus Safety Department by phone (425) 352-5222, or in person at the LB2 building in central campus.

**Medical Response**
Students, faculty, staff and guests of the campus should report any medical emergency on campus to Bothell Emergency Services immediately by dialing 911 on any campus landline telephone, activating an Emergency Blue Phone tower on the campus grounds or by activating an Emergency phone box located in the parking garages. Campus Safety should also be called at 425 352 5222 or 2-5222 from a campus phone after the call to 911 is completed. All Campus Safety officers are trained in first aid.

Preparing and Reporting Crime Statistics

Campus Safety discloses all incidents reported to the department that fall into any of the required reporting classifications as a statistic in this annual brochure.

The Campus Safety Clery officer culls the statistical data for this report from multiple sources, including the Campus Safety department’s internal reporting system. The Clery officer also requests statistical information from all campus security authorities (as defined by federal law) and from deans, directors, and department heads. The campus security authorities include the professional counselors on campus who are not required to report but may do so voluntarily. Members of the community are encouraged to call the police to report crimes for this annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Local police departments where the campus has facilities or holds classes are also contacted for their crime statistics in the areas where UWB/CC resides. Crime statistics are reported in the year they were reported in and not necessarily the year in which the incidents occurred.

This publication contains information about on- and off-campus resources and the campus makes this publication available to all campus community members. Offices listed are not crime reporting entities for the campus and all crimes should be reported to Campus Safety to ensure inclusion in the annual crime statistics and to aid in providing timely warning notices to the community when appropriate. Campus Safety submits the annual crime statistics to the Department of Education (ED), which are available to the public on the ED web site.

The campus notifies enrolled students and current employees on an annual basis either electronically or via an email postcard. This brochure can be found online at http://www.uwb.edu/getattachment/safety/stats/2014-campus-safety-annual-report.pdf.

Sexual Assault Prevention and Response

Our campus is committed to providing its students with an environment conducive to the pursuit of knowledge. Admission to the institutions on this campus carries with it the presumption that students will conduct themselves as responsible members of the community, refraining from actions that would endanger the health, welfare or safety of others. Conduct constituting a sexual offense, whether forcible or non-forcible, will not be tolerated. Students committing sexual offenses in any form can be prosecuted under the Washington State criminal statutes and/or subject to disciplinary action under the Student Conduct Codes (WAC 478-120-010-145) (WAC 132Z-115-090).
The Washington State Criminal Code (RCW 9A) defines rape as engaging in sexual intercourse with another person by forcible compulsion; or when the victim is incapable of consent by reason of being physically helpless or mentally incapacitated (e.g., when the victim has consumed alcohol and/or other drugs, either voluntarily or involuntarily); or when the victim does not consent to sexual intercourse with the perpetrator and such lack of consent was expressed by the victim’s words or conduct.

In some instances the victim may know the assailant and often does not realize the incident meets the legal definition of rape. The definition of sexual assault is not limited to rape, and may include other acts as defined in RCW 9A. A sexual assault may involve any unwanted touching with a sexual motivation.

Acquaintance rape may fall into any of the following categories: First or second degree rape, Class A felonies punishable under the Washington State Criminal Code by up to life in prison and/or a $50,000 fine; third-degree, Class C felony punishable by up to five years in prison and/or a $10,000 fine.

When they occur on campus, rape and other forcible or non-forcible sex offenses also violate the Student Conduct Code and may result in a variety of disciplinary actions, including suspension or permanent dismissal from the college. In cases involving an alleged sexual offense, the accuser and the accused have the same right to have others present during a disciplinary hearing. Both the accuser and accused shall be informed of the outcome of any campus disciplinary proceeding as a result of an alleged sexual assault. The victim’s academic and living situations (if in campus housing) will be changed upon request if reasonably available.

If you or someone you know is the victim of a sexual assault, report it immediately to the police. Except in cases involving domestic violence offenses, reporting the incident to the police does not mean that charges will be pressed, but it will be easier if you decide to do so later. There are on and off-campus resources to help you. Trained staff members assist victims in coping with the aftermath of assaults and in exploring available options confidentially. You are encouraged to tell someone and to seek help from the resources listed on the next page.

Prevention, intervention and education programs specifically addressing rape, acquaintance rape and other sexual offenses are regularly offered at the UWB/CC campus.

If a sexual offense should occur, the victim should take the following actions:

- Go to a safe place.
- Call the Campus Safety Department if the incident occurred on campus; call the local police if the incident occurred off campus. The Campus Safety Department will notify the local police of the incident if the victim wishes for their assistance.
- The Campus Safety Department or the police will contact counseling and victim’s advocate services.
- Contact a friend or family member.
- Do not shower, bathe, or douche.
- Do not urinate, if possible.
• Do not eat, drink liquids, smoke or brush teeth if oral contact took place.

• Keep the clothes worn during the offense. If clothes are changed, place clothes in paper bag (evidence deteriorates in plastic).

• Get prompt medical attention.

• Do not destroy the physical evidence that may be found in the area of the crime. If the crime occurred in the victim’s home, the victim should not clean or straighten until the police have had an opportunity to collect evidence.

• Tell someone all details remembered about the assault.

• Write down all details remembered as soon as possible.

Following an incident, victims are encouraged to make a report to campus or local police. This action does not obligate prosecution, but it does make legal action possible if the decision to prosecute is made at a later date. The earlier an incident is reported, the easier it is to collect valuable evidence.

Victims have the option of keeping their report of sexual assault in complete confidence, protecting their right to anonymity, when making a report through the Campus Safety Department.

Registered Sex Offenders

The federal Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act, enacted on October 28, 2000, requires institutions of higher learning to issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement agency information concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained. Under state law, registered sex offenders must provide notice to each institution of higher learning in the state at which the person is employed, volunteers, carries on a vocation or is a student. The Campus Safety Department maintains records of registered sex offenders who are students or employed at the University and who have been brought to its attention by either the Bothell Police Department or King County Sheriff’s Office. The Campus Safety Office will release information concerning registered sex offenders according to the provisions of RCW 4.24.550. In Washington State, sex offenders must register with their local police department. This information about registered sex offenders appears on the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs Web site: http://ml.waspc.org/.

Domestic Relationship Violence

In compliance with Washington State law, RCW 28B.10.569, this report contains information about domestic violence. Domestic violence and relationship violence are different terms used to describe the same experience. Both refer to a pattern of behavior in which one person attempts to control another through threats or use of physical, sexual, verbal and/or psychological abuse.

Controlling, abusive behavior can occur between people of all races, ages, sexual orientations, religions and genders. It can occur between people of all socioeconomic backgrounds and education levels. It happens between people who are married, dating, divorced, living together and broken up.

No one should be abused. You deserve to be in a relationship where you and your children feel safe. If you are in an abusive relationship, or think you might be, there are people at the University of Washington and in the community who can help.
University of Washington Administrative Policy Statement (APS) 11.7 defines workplace violence, outlines prohibited behavior and university notifications, response and resources. Visit the APS Web site at http://www.uw.edu/admin/rules/APS/11.07.html. The university will provide appropriate information, support and assistance to employees. Employees who are victims or perpetrators of domestic violence are encouraged to seek assistance.

Victims of relationship violence must decide what action is appropriate for them to take. If you are a victim of relationship violence, consider telling someone you trust about your situation. Notify the Bothell Police Department if you have received a direct threat or if you have been harmed.

The UWPD Victim Advocate is available to assist University of Washington Bothell/Cascadia College faculty, staff and students experiencing domestic violence or relationship abuse. The UW Sexual Assault and Relationship Violence Information Service (SARIS) has an advocate available to help students experiencing domestic violence, stalking or relationship abuse. Advocates can help with locating resources, both on and off campus; assist in obtaining domestic violence, anti-harassment or sexual assault protection orders; and explore ways to improve personal safety.

RESOURCES

- Bothell Police Department, 911; 425 486 1254 for non-emergencies
- UW CareLink, 866.598.3978 (UW employees)
- Washington State Domestic Violence Hotline, 1.800.562.6025 V/TTY
- UWPD Victim Advocate, 206.543.9337
- SafeCampus Violence Prevention & Response Program, Seattle: 206.685.7233; Bothell: 425.352.7233; Tacoma 253.692.7233
- Human Resources, UWB 425 352 3637
- Human Resources, CC 425 352 8262
- UWB Student Counseling, 425 352 3183 CCC Counseling @ Kodiak Corner 425 352 8860
- Cascadia Care Team, Gordon Dutrisac, chair, 425 352 8828
- SARIS, 206.685.4357, saris@uw.edu (UW students)
- Q Center, 206.897.1430, qcenter@uw.edu
- King County Protection Orders, http://www.kingcounty.gov/courts/Clerk/ProtectionOrders.aspx

Weapons Policy

The possession or use of firearms, explosives, dangerous chemicals or other dangerous weapons or instrumentalities on the University of Washington Bothell/Cascadia Community College campus, except for authorized campus purposes, is prohibited by WAC 478-124-020(2)(e), 478-120-020(3)(f), and WAC 132Z-115-090(18).

Stalking

In compliance with Washington State law, RCW 28B.10.569, this brochure contains information about stalking and sexual harassment. Washington State law defines stalking as intentionally and repeatedly harassing or following another person when the victim is placed in fear that the stalker intends to injure him/her or his/her property. The feeling of fear must be one that a reasonable person in the same situation would experience under all the circumstances.

- If you are in immediate danger, call 911. If you wish to report a stalking case where there is no immediate threat, call 911 or Campus Safety 425 352 5359
• Trust your instincts. Don't downplay the danger. If you feel unsafe, you probably are. Take threats seriously.
• Tell someone you trust for support.
• If you are a student, contact SARIS for support, advocacy and resources. If you are a staff member, you can contact the UWPD Victim Advocate, CareLink or SafeCampus for support advocacy and resources.
• Develop a safety plan. An advocate, therapist, SafeCampus team member or SARIS Specialist can help you with this.
• Keep evidence of the stalking.
• Seek supportive counseling.
• For complaints involving students, contact the Student Conduct office for your campus.
• For complaints involving university employees, contact the University Complaint and Resolution Office (UCIRO) and/ or Human Resources.

Consider a protection order: www.kingcounty.gov/courts/Clerk/ProtectionOrders.aspx

Sexual Harassment

Sexual harassment is a form of harassment based on the recipient’s sex that is characterized by:

1. Unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature by a person who has authority over the recipient when:
2. Submission to such conduct is made either an implicit or explicit condition of the individual’s employment, academic status, or ability to use university facilities and services, or
3. Submission to or rejection of the conduct is used as the basis for a decision that affects tangible aspects of the individual’s employment, academic status, or use of university facilities; or
4. Unwelcome and unsolicited language or conduct that is of a sexual nature or that is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that it could reasonably be expected to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working or learning environment, or has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual’s academic or work performance.

Sexual harassment also includes acts of sexual violence.

Sexual harassment may be reported to the following offices:

• Your immediate supervisor
• Human Resources UWB 425 352 25246   CC 425 352 8262
• UWB Dean of Student Affairs when the harasser is a student 425 352 3326
• CC Director of Student Advising and Support Services 425 352 8288
• University Complaint Investigation & Resolution Office (UCIRO) 206 616 2028
• UW Title IX Coordinator, 206 221 7932; TTY 206 543 6452

Alcohol and Illegal Drugs

With a view toward ensuring the safety and well-being of faculty, staff, students and the general public, the campus is committed to maintaining an environment that is free of illicit drugs (or controlled substances) and alcohol. Accordingly, the consumption of alcoholic beverages by students and employees on campus property, except in accordance with appropriate State of Washington liquor license procedures, is prohibited. Further, the unlawful possession, use, distribution or manufacture of alcohol or controlled substances (as defined in Chapter 69.50 RCW) on the university campus or during university-sponsored
activities is prohibited (Chapter 478-124 WAC). Violation of these alcohol and drug prohibitions will be the basis for university disciplinary or other appropriate action.

Generally, possession, sale and consumption of alcoholic beverages are not permitted on campus. The exceptions are:

1. meetings or other functions when a state banquet permit has been obtained - applications are available in the Office of the Committee on the Use of University Facilities and the permit is issued pursuant to regulations of the university and the Washington State Liquor Control Board, or
2. by those of legal drinking age in residence hall rooms or apartments with the doors closed. Kegs or other common-source containers are never allowed in the residence halls. As prescribed by state law, it is illegal to sell alcohol without a permit, and no one under age 21 is permitted to consume alcohol.

The Alcohol and Drug Abuse Policy of the University of Washington is found in the Administrative Policy Statement, D 13.7, copies of which are available online at [www.uw.edu/admin/rules/APS/13.07.html](http://www.uw.edu/admin/rules/APS/13.07.html). Students and employees who are found to be in violation of this stated prohibition may be subject to arrest and conviction under the applicable criminal laws of local municipalities, the State of Washington or the United States. Conviction can result in sanctions including probation, fines and imprisonment. Students found in violation of this stated prohibition are also subject to discipline in accordance with the requirements and procedures of the Student Conduct Code (CH. 478-120 WAC). Discipline may include probation or dismissal from the university.

Campus Safety with the assistance of Bothell PD enforces all federal, state, local and campus regulations governing drugs and alcohol. Underage drinking is not tolerated and laws governing such will be enforced, including arrest, citation and/or referral to the Office of Community Standards and Student Conduct Codes. The Alcohol and Drug Abuse Policy of the University of Washington is found in the Administrative Policy Statement, D 13.7, copies of which are available online at [www.uw.edu/admin/rules/APS/13.07.html](http://www.uw.edu/admin/rules/APS/13.07.html). Students and employees who are found to be in violation of this stated prohibition may be subject to arrest and conviction under the applicable criminal laws of local municipalities, the State of Washington or the United States. Conviction can result in sanctions including probation, fines and imprisonment. Students found in violation of this stated prohibition are also subject to discipline in accordance with the requirements and procedures of the Student Conduct Codes of the University of Washington Bothell and Cascadia Community College. Discipline may include probation or dismissal.

### Health Risks

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<th>Substances: Category and Name</th>
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<th>DEA Schedule*/* How Administered</th>
<th>Intoxication Effects/ Potential Health Consequences</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cannabinoids</td>
<td>boom, gangster, hash, hash oil, hemp</td>
<td>I/smoked, swallowed</td>
<td>Euphoria; relaxation; slowed reaction time; distorted sensory perception; impaired balance and coordination; increased heart rate and appetite; impaired learning, memory; anxiety; panic attacks; psychosis/cough; frequent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hashish</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>marijuana</td>
<td>Blunt, dope, ganja, grass,</td>
<td>I/smoked, swallowed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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13
herb, joint, bud, Mary Jane, pot, reefer, green, trees, smoke, sinsemilla, skunk, weed

respiratory infections; possible mental health decline; addiction

Opioids

Diacetylmorphine: smack, horse, brown sugar, dope, H, junk, skag, skunk, white horse, China white; cheese (with OTC cold medicine and antihistamine)

Euphoria; drowsiness; impaired coordination; dizziness; confusion; nausea; sedation; feeling of heaviness in the body; slowed or arrested breathing/constipation; endocarditis; hepatitis; HIV; addiction; fatal overdose

heroin

I/injected, smoked, snorted

II, III, V/swallowed, smoked

opium

Laudanum, paregoric: big O, black stuff, block, gum, hop

Club Drugs

MDMA (methylenedioxymethamphetamine)

Ecstasy, Adam, clarity, Eve, lover's speed, peace, uppers

Rohypnol: forget-me pill, Mexican Valium, R2, roach, Roche, roofies, roofinol, rope, rophies

flunitrazepam***

MDMA -- mild hallucinogenic effects; increased tactile sensitivity, empathic feelings; lowered inhibition; anxiety; chills; sweating; teeth clenching; muscle cramping/ sleep disturbances; depression; impaired memory; hyperthermia; addiction

Flunitrazepam -- sedation; muscle relaxation; confusion; memory loss; dizziness; impaired coordination/addiction

GHB***

Gamma-hydroxybutyrate: G, Georgia home boy, grievous bodily harm, liquid ecstasy, soap, scoop, goop, liquid X

I/swallowed

I/swallowed, snorted, injected

IV/swallowed, snorted

Gamma-hydroxybutyrate: G, Georgia home boy, grievous bodily harm, liquid ecstasy, soap, scoop, goop, liquid X

I/swallowed
Dissociative Drugs

ketamine
Ketalar SV: cat Valium, K, Special K, vitamin K
Phencyclidine: angel dust, boat, hog, love boat, peace pill

PCP and analogs
Salvia, Shepherdess's Herb, Maria Pastora, magic mint, Sally-D

Salvia divinorum
Found in some cough and cold medications: Robotripping, Robo, Triple C

Dextromethorphan (DXM)
Not scheduled/swallowed

Stimulants
Biphetamine, Dexedrine: bennies, black beauties, crosses, hearts, LA turnaround, speed, truck drivers, uppers

amphetamine
Cocaine hydrochloride: blow, bump, C, candy, Charlie, coke, crack, flake, rock, snow, toot

cocaine
Desoxyn: chalk, crank, crystal, fire, glass, go fast, ice, meth, speed

methamphetamine
unconsciousness; seizures; coma
Feelings of being separate from one's body and environment; impaired motor function/anxiety; tremors; numbness; memory loss; nausea Ketamine -- analgesia; impaired memory; delirium; respiratory depression and arrest; death PCP and analogs -- analgesia; psychosis; aggression; violence; slurred speech; loss of coordination; hallucinations
For DXM: euphoria, slurred speech; confusion; dizziness; distorted visual perceptions
Increased heart rate, blood pressure, body temperature, metabolism; feelings of exhilaration; increased energy, mental alertness; tremors; reduced appetite; irritability; anxiety; panic; paranoia; violent behavior; psychosis/weight loss; insomnia; cardiac or cardiovascular complications; stroke; seizures; addiction Also, for cocaine -- nasal damage from
Hallucinogens

LSD

Lysergic acid diethylamide: acid, blotter, cubes, microdot, yellow sunshine, blue heaven

I/swallowed, absorbed through mouth tissues

mescaline

Buttons, cactus, mesc, peyote

I/swallowed, smoked

psilocybin

Magic mushrooms, purple passion, shrooms, little smoke

I/swallowed

Tobacco

Nicotine

Found in cigarettes, cigars, bidis, and smokeless tobacco (snuff, spit tobacco, chew)

Not scheduled/smoked, snorted, chewed

snorting Also, for methamphetamine -- severe dental problems

Altered states of perception and feeling; hallucinations; nausea. Also, for LSD & mescaline -- increased body temperature, heart rate, blood pressure; loss of appetite; sweating; sleeplessness; numbness; dizziness; weakness; tremors; impulsive behavior; rapid shifts in emotion Also, for LSD -- Flashbacks, Hallucinogen Persisting Perception Disorder Also, for psilocybin -- nervousness; paranoia; panic

Lysergic acid diethylamide: acid, blotter, cubes, microdot, yellow sunshine, blue heaven

I/swallowed, absorbed through mouth tissues

Tobacco

Increased blood pressure and heart rate/chronic lung disease; cardiovascular disease; stroke; cancers of the mouth, pharynx, larynx, esophagus, stomach, pancreas, cervix, kidney,

Nicotine

Found in cigarettes, cigars, bidis, and smokeless tobacco (snuff, spit tobacco, chew)

Not scheduled/smoked, snorted, chewed

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Not scheduled/smoked, snorted, chewed

Altered states of perception and feeling; hallucinations; nausea. Also, for LSD & mescaline -- increased body temperature, heart rate, blood pressure; loss of appetite; sweating; sleeplessness; numbness; dizziness; weakness; tremors; impulsive behavior; rapid shifts in emotion Also, for LSD -- Flashbacks, Hallucinogen Persisting Perception Disorder Also, for psilocybin -- nervousness; paranoia; panic

Lysergic acid diethylamide: acid, blotter, cubes, microdot, yellow sunshine, blue heaven

I/swallowed, absorbed through mouth tissues

Tobacco

Increased blood pressure and heart rate/chronic lung disease; cardiovascular disease; stroke; cancers of the mouth, pharynx, larynx, esophagus, stomach, pancreas, cervix, kidney,
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alcohol</th>
<th>In low doses, euphoria, mild stimulation, relaxation, lowered inhibitions; in higher doses drowsiness, slurred speech, nausea, emotional volatility, loss of coordination, visual distortions, impaired memory, sexual dysfunction, loss of consciousness/ increased risk of injuries, violence, fetal damage (in pregnant women); depression; neurologic deficits; hypertension; liver and heart disease; addiction; fatal overdose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>alcohol (ethyl alcohol)</td>
<td>Found in beer, wine and liquor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not scheduled/swallowed</td>
<td>Alcohol (ethyl alcohol)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other Compounds**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>anabolic steroids</th>
<th>Anadrol, Oxandrin, Durabolin, Depo-Testosterone, Equipoise: steroids, juice, gym candy, pumpers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>III/injected, swallowed, applied to skin</td>
<td>Steroids -- no intoxication effects/hypertension; blood clotting and cholesterol changes; liver cysts; hostility and aggression; acne; in adolescents -- premature stoppage of growth; in males -- prostate cancer, reduced sperm production, shrunken testicles, breast enlargement; in females -- menstrual irregularities, development of beard and other masculine characteristics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>inhalants</th>
<th>Solvents (paint thinners, gasoline, glues); gases (butane, propane, aerosol propellants, nitrous oxide); nitrites (isoamyl, isobutyl, cyclohexyl): laughing gas, poppers, snappers, whippets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>not scheduled / inhaled through nose or mouth</td>
<td>Inhalants (varies by chemical) -- stimulation; loss of inhibition; headache; nausea or vomiting; slurred speech; loss of motor coordination; wheezing/cramps; muscle weakness; depression; memory impairment; damage to cardiovascular and nervous systems; unconsciousness; sudden death</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Schedule I and II drugs have a high potential for abuse. They require greater storage security and have a quota on manufacturing, among other restrictions. Schedule I drugs are available for research only and have no approved medical use; Schedule II drugs are available only by prescription (un-refillable) and require a form for ordering. Schedule III and IV drugs are available by prescription, may have five refills in 6 months, and may be ordered orally. Some Schedule V drugs are available over the counter.

** Taking drugs by injection can increase the risk of infection through needle contamination with staphylococci, HIV, hepatitis and other organisms.

*** Associated with sexual assaults.

For more information on these and other illegal drugs, please see http://www.drugabuse.gov/sites/default/files/cadchart.pdf
For information on prescription drugs abuse, please see [http://www.drugabuse.gov/drugs-abuse/commonly-abused-drugs/commonly-abused-preservation-drugs-chart](http://www.drugabuse.gov/drugs-abuse/commonly-abused-drugs/commonly-abused-preservation-drugs-chart)

**Federal Drug Laws**

In addition to significant health risks, the possession, use or distribution of illicit drugs is prohibited by federal law. Strict penalties are provided for drug convictions, including mandatory prison terms for many offenses. The following information, although not complete, is an overview of possible federal penalties for first and second convictions.

**Federal Trafficking Penalties**

U.S. Department of Justice
Drug Enforcement Administration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Drug</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>First Offense</th>
<th>Second Offense</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana</td>
<td>1,000 kg or more mixture; (Schedule I) or 1,000 or more plants</td>
<td>- Not less than 10 years, not more than life&lt;br&gt;- If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years, not more than life&lt;br&gt;- Fine not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if other than an individual</td>
<td>- Not less than 20 years, not more than life&lt;br&gt;- If death or serious injury, life imprisonment&lt;br&gt;- Fine not more than $20 million if an individual, $75 million if other than an individual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana</td>
<td>100-999 kg mixture; or (Schedule I) 100-999 plants</td>
<td>- Not less than 5 years, not more than 40 years&lt;br&gt;- If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years, not more than life&lt;br&gt;- Fine not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if other than an individual</td>
<td>- Not less than 10 years, not more than life&lt;br&gt;- If death or serious injury, life imprisonment&lt;br&gt;- Fine not more than $8 million if an individual, $50 million if other than an individual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana</td>
<td>50-99 kg marijuana mixture, 50-99 marijuana plants</td>
<td>- Not more than 20 years. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs, or more than life.&lt;br&gt;- Fine $1 million if an individual, $5 million</td>
<td>- Not more than 30 years. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment.&lt;br&gt;- Fine $2 million if an individual, $10 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hashish</td>
<td>more than 10 kg</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hashish Oil</td>
<td>more than 1 kg</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Marijuana (Schedule I)  
less than 50 kg marijuana  
(and does not include 50 or  
more marijuana plants  
regardless of weight); 1-49  
marijuana plants  
other than individual  
- Not more than 5  
years.  
- Fine $250,000 if an  
individual, $1 million  
other than individual  
if other than individual  
- Not more than 10  
years.  
- Fine $500,000 if an  
individual, $2 million  
if other than individual  

Hashish  
10 kg or less  

Hashish Oil 1 kg or less  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Drug Schedule</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Penalties</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Penalties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cocaine Schedule II</td>
<td>500-4999 gms mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs, and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>5 kg or more mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cocaine Base Schedule II</td>
<td>28-279 gms mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs, and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>280 gms or more mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fentanyl Schedule IV</td>
<td>40-399 gms mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs, and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>400 gms or more mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fentanyl Analogue Schedule I</td>
<td>10-99 gms mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs, and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>100 gms or more mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heroin Schedule I</td>
<td>100-999 gms mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs, and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>1 kg or more mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LSD Schedule I</td>
<td>1-9 gms mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs, and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>10 gms or more mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methamphetamine Schedule II</td>
<td>5-49 gms pure or 50-499 gms mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs, and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>50 gms or more pure or 500 gms or more mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCP Schedule II</td>
<td>10-99 gms pure or 100-999 gms mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs, and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>100 gms or more pure or 1 kg or more mixture</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PENALTIES**  
Other Schedule I & II Drugs - any amount; Any drug product containing Gamma Hydroxybutyric Acid; Flunitrazepam - 1 gm  
First Offense: Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 yrs, or more than life. Fine $1 million if an individual, $5 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 30 yrs. If death or serious injury, life imprisonment. Fine $2 million if an individual, $10 million if not an individual.
Other Schedule I & II Drugs - any amount; Any drug product containing Gamma Hydroxybutyric Acid; Flunitrazepam - 1 gm

First Offense: Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 yrs, or more than life. Fine $1 million if an individual, $5 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 30 yrs. If death or serious injury, life imprisonment. Fine $2 million if an individual, $10 million if not an individual.

First Offense: Not more than 10 years. If death or serious injury, not more than 15 years. Fine not more than $500,000 if an individual, $2.5 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more 20 yrs. If death or serious injury, not more than 30 years. Fine not more than $1 million if an individual, $5 million if not an individual.

First Offense: Not more than 1 yr. Fine not more than $100,000 if an individual, $250,000 if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 4 yrs. Fine not more than $200,000 if an individual, $500,000 if not an individual.

A. Denial of Federal Benefits (21 USC §862 and 20 USC 1091 (r) (1))

A state or federal drug conviction while enrolled and receiving Title IV aid may result in the loss of federal benefits, including school loans, grants, contracts and licenses. Federal drug trafficking convictions may result in denial of federal benefits for up to five years for a first conviction, and up to 10 years for a second conviction. Drug traffickers become permanently ineligible for federal benefits upon a third conviction. Federal drug convictions for possession may result in denial of federal benefits for up to one year for a first conviction and up to five years for a second or subsequent conviction.

B. Forfeiture of Personal Property and Real Estate (21 USC §853)

Any person convicted of a federal drug offense punishable by more than one year in prison shall forfeit to the United States any personal or real property related to the violation, including houses, cars and other personal belongings. A warrant of seizure may be issued and property seized at the time an individual is arrested on charges that may result in forfeiture.

C. Federal Drug Trafficking Penalties (21 USC §841)

Penalties for federal drug trafficking convictions vary according to the quantity of the controlled substance involved in the transaction. The list above is a sample of the range and severity of federal penalties imposed for first convictions. Penalties for subsequent convictions are often twice as severe. If death or serious bodily injury results from the use of a controlled substance that has been illegally distributed, the person convicted on federal charges of distributing the substance can face a prison term up to life imprisonment, and fines ranging up to $20 million. Persons convicted on federal charges of drug trafficking within 1,000 feet of a university (21 USC §860) face penalties of prison terms and fines which are twice as high as the regular penalties for the first offense, with a mandatory prison sentence of at least 1 year. Mandatory minimum sentencing does not apply to offenses involving five grams or less of marijuana.

D. Federal Drug Penalties for Simple Possession (21 USC §844)
Persons convicted on federal charges of unlawfully possessing any controlled substances face penalties of up to 1 year in prison and a minimum fine of $1,000, or both. Second convictions are punishable by not less than 15 days but not more than 2 years in prison and a minimum fine of $2,500. Subsequent convictions are punishable by not less than 90 days but not more than 3 years in prison and a minimum fine of $5,000. Special sentencing provisions for possession of a mixture or substance which contains cocaine base impose a mandatory prison term of not less than 5 years but not more than 20 years and a minimum fine of $1,000, or both, if:

- it is a first conviction and the amount of cocaine base substance possessed exceeds 5 grams;
- it is a second conviction and the amount of cocaine base substance possessed exceeds 3 grams;
- it is a third or subsequent cocaine base substance conviction and the amount exceeds 1 gram.

Special sentencing provisions for simple possession of Flunitrazepam (Rohypnol, "roofies" or "roaches") impose a prison term of not more than 3 years, a fine as outlined above, or both.

**Washington State Drug Laws (RCW 69.50)**

The following is a partial list of illicit drugs considered to be controlled substances by the State of Washington: Narcotics (opium and cocaine, and all drugs extracted, derived or synthesized from opium and cocaine, including crack cocaine and heroin); Methamphetamine; Barbiturates; and Hallucinogenic Substances (LSD, peyote, mescaline, psilocybin, PCP).

- **A. State Penalties for Illegal Sale of Controlled Substances:** The illegal sale of any controlled substance is punishable by up to 5 years in prison, $10,000 fine, or both.
- **B. State Penalties for Illegal Manufacture or Delivery of Controlled Substances:** Schedule I or II Narcotics or flunitrazepam -- Up to 10 years in prison, $25,000 to $100,000 fine, or both. Any other controlled substances under Schedule I, II, III, IV or V, except flunitrazepam -- Up to 5 years in prison, $10,000 fine, or both.
- **C. State Penalties for Possession of Controlled Substances:** Possession of any controlled substance is punishable by up to 5 years in prison, a $10,000 fine, or both.

More severe penalties are provided for persons convicted of providing controlled substances to minors, to repeat offenses and to offenses on or near schools or parks.

Special Note Regarding Marijuana: Marijuana remains illegal for minors (persons under 21 years of age) to possess, sell or use and is illegal to possess for a person of any age in amounts over 28.3 grams. Marijuana remains illegal under federal law and policies concerning marijuana at the University remain unchanged. It is illegal to produce, distribute or use marijuana on University property or during University-sponsored activities.

**Emergency Response and Community Notification of Immediate Threats**

An Immediate Threat is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus involving imminent danger to the health and/or safety of students, faculty, staff or guests, such as a natural disaster, act of terrorism or an active shooter.

When a serious threat to campus safety occurs, the Campus Safety department coordinates with other first responders, which might include Bothell Fire, Bothell Police, UW Environmental Health and Safety (EH&S) and UW Emergency Management (UWEM), to properly mitigate the threat to the campus. Depending on the nature and size of the incident, other local, state and federal agencies might be called upon to assist.
The Campus Safety department works in close collaboration with agencies and departments, both on and off campus (including but not limited to the Bothell Police Department, Bothell Fire Department, UW SafeCampus, UWEM and EH&S) to gather and assess information related to events that may pose an immediate threat or hazard to the university community. Campus Safety, as first responders, will investigate all reported incidents and determine if the incident poses an immediate or ongoing threat to the university community. If the incident is confirmed as posing an immediate or ongoing threat through the responding officer's assessment on-scene, s/he will notify the on-duty supervisor who will implement the UWB/CC Alert notification system. In some cases, an immediate threat may be confirmed by another agency, such as the National Weather Service (e.g., in cases of extreme weather), Campus Facility Services (e.g., in cases of hazardous materials spills).

The Campus Safety Director or his/her designee (usually the on-call duty administrator) will be notified by the on-duty supervisor. The Director may collaborate with Campus Administration to determine the content of Community Notification of Immediate Threats message to be disseminated to the campus community; some of the content is pre-approved and already written. Notifications can be communicated through a variety of communications media, the centerpiece of which is UWB/CC Alert, a text messaging and email capability that is the fastest way to inform people about an emergency situation. UWB/CC Alert messages are also sent via Twitter and Facebook. These key elements are supplemented by notices to both the UWB’s home page. If a threat is limited to a particular area or particular group of persons, the campus may elect to send notifications only to those it believes may be affected. The Director or his/her designee and the campus administration may collaborate to make this determination. Without delay and taking into account the safety of the community, UWB/CC Technology or Campus Safety will initiate the Notification system, unless issuing such would, in the judgment of first responders, compromise efforts to assist a victim or contain, respond to or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

Updates to the emergency situation are posted as a banner on the university Web site, through the university's recorded emergency information line 206.UWS.INFO (897.4636) and/or through official messages disseminated through the local media. The University of Washington Bothell and Cascadia College has developed UWB/CC Alert to disseminate official information during emergencies or crisis situations that may disrupt the normal operation of the campus or threaten the health or safety of members of the UWB/CC community. UWB/CC Alert is offered on a voluntary, self-subscription basis for current UWB/CC faculty, staff and students at UW Bothell and Cascadia College.

All community members are encouraged to notify Bothell PD or Bothell Fire by dialing 911 and Campus Safety at 2 5222 of any situation on campus that could constitute a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate or on-going threat to the community. The Campus Safety department is responsible for responding to and summoning necessary resources to mitigate, investigate and contain situations that pose a potential threat to our community. The law requires that the community be notified of such threats.

Classifications of Crimes

1. Part I crimes: As defined by the Uniform Crime Reporting standards developed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Department of Justice, Part 1 crimes are the more serious violent crimes against persons - - Murder, Rape, Robbery, and Aggravated Assault --, and the more serious crimes against property – Burglary, Arson, and Theft.

2. Murder:

Non-negligent Manslaughter: The willful killing of one human being by another.
Negligent manslaughter: The killing of another person by gross negligence.

3. Sex offenses:

Forcible - Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly or against that person’s will. Includes forcible rape, forcible sodomy, sexual assault with an object, and forcible fondling.

Non-forcible - Unlawful sexual intercourse – incest and statutory rape.

4. Robbery: The taking, or attempted taking, of anything of value from one person by another, in which the offender uses force or the threat of violence.

5. Aggravated assault: An attack by one person upon another, in which the offender uses or displays a weapon in a threatening manner or the victim, suffers severe injury involving broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

6. Burglary: The unlawful entry into a building or other structure with the intent to commit a felony or a theft.

7. Motor vehicle theft: The theft of a motor vehicle, including automobiles, motorcycles, golf carts, and mopeds.

8. Arson: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, house, a public building, a motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.

9. Hate crimes: Any crime in which the victim is intentionally selected because of the actual or perceived race, gender, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity, or disability of the victim.

10. Disciplinary actions: Action taken against a person for committing a violation of campus policy that may or may not violate state or federal laws. Includes students and employees.

11. Liquor laws: The violation of laws prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or use of alcoholic beverages. Driving under the influence violations is excluded.

12. Drug laws: The violation of laws prohibiting the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacture, and making of narcotic drugs.

13. Weapons laws: The violation of laws prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, or use of firearms, knives, explosives, or other deadly weapons.

**Emergency Evacuation**

In the event of a significant incident (major earthquake, hazardous material incident, for example) or crises that may affect the safety of the campus community, students, faculty, staff and/or guests at the University may be asked to evacuate a building, several buildings, a portion of the campus or the entire campus. Due to the unpredictability of these situations, students, faculty, staff and guests are to follow building and campus evacuation protocols and obey directions from University officials and on-scene emergency responders.
Specific instruction may be given to report to a building assembly point, gather at a designated on-campus Mass Assembly Area, or evacuate the campus entirely. Alternately, instruction may be given to the UW Community and the general public to take shelter where they are (shelter-in-place) or at a designated area or building.
## Clery Campus Crime Statistics Cascadia College 2014

### Total Crimes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFENSE</th>
<th>YEAR</th>
<th>ON-CAMPUS</th>
<th>PUBLIC AREAS</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>MURDER/NON-NEGligent Manslaughter</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2013</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2012</td>
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<tr>
<td>NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER</td>
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Community Resources

Al-Anon (24 hours) 206.625.0000
Alcohol and Drug 24-hour Help Line 206.722.3700 (WA only) 1.800.562.1240
Alcoholics Anonymous (24 hours) 206.587.2838
Crisis Clinic 24-hour crisis line 1.866.427.4747 206.461.3219 TTY/TDD
Domestic Violence Hotline (24 hours) 1.800.562.6025
Harborview Center for Sexual Assault and Traumatic Stress (8:30 a.m.–5:00 p.m., M-T, Th-F, 9-5 on W) 206.744.1600
Harborview Medical Center Emergency Trauma 24-hour 206.744.3074
King County Jail Inmate Lookup http://ingress.kingcounty.gov/inmatelookup/
King County Protection Orders http://www.kingcounty.gov/courts/Clerk/ProtectionOrders.aspx
King County Sexual Assault Resource Center (24 hours) 1.888.998.6423
Poison Center 1.800.222.1222
Sex Offender List - WA state http://ml.waspc.org/
Seattle Police Department, Non-Emergency 206.625.5011
Washington State Domestic Violence Hotline (24 hours) 1.800.562.6025 (V/TTY)

Campus Fire Statistics

The Higher Education Act of 2008 requires disclosure of fire safety standards and measures for on-campus student housing facilities. This report herein includes fire statistics for the 2012 calendar year, fire safety systems installed in each housing building, number of fire drills supervised each year, policies on ignition sources (smoking, open flame, portable electrical appliances, etc.), procedures for fire evacuation and policies on fire safety education and training for the UW Bothell buildings. For questions regarding the Fire Safety portion of this report, please phone EH&S at 206.543.0465.

FIRE DEFINITION

The Higher Education Act of 2008 defines a fire as “any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain burning or in an uncontrolled manner.” The Department of Education (ED) 2011 “Handbook for Campus Safety and Security Reporting” has clarified fires to not include incidents where “there is no open flame or otEH&S Fire Safety investigates reported fires. The most current calendar year of fire statistics are listed on the following pages. Prior to September 2011 the University of Washington Bothell did not have
on-campus housing facilities and therefore this report only contains the fire statistics in 2011 and 2012 calendar year.